Regional Outline for \_\_\_**United States\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**\_

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|  | 8000 -1450 CE  -depending on regions (tribal societies)  -different region had different way of controlling their people  -no central authority  -pastoral/hunter gather societies- tribes  - agriculture- have lots of great farmers, producing their regional crops  -class determined by age (the oldest receive more respect and power)  -people who owed a lot of horses, equipments, crops, families  -matrilineal societies  -develop own farming equipments  - depending on regions  - teepee, thatch roof house, huts etc…  No empire- series of tribe societies  -most were animist  -some don’t believe in god at all | 1450-1750 CE | 1750 – 1914 CE | 1914 - Present |
| **Politics** | -democrats imposed on citizens  -men- allowed to vote, no suffrage rule yet  -John Locke- social contract inspired  -“self-determination” | 1776- Declaration of Independence  -1787- Constitution (three branches or checks and balance)  -democracy- unbalanced among genders for suffrage | remained democracy   * 1965- all women can vote * -richest nation with huge power * sphere of influences |
| **Economy** | Columbian Exchange- new food source, animals, resources transferred between Europe and Americas  African Slave Trade- benefits US for its cheap labor | -involved in trades  -WW1- war creditors  -one of the top 5 trading empire  -benefit through colonization, exploited natural resources | WW2- rose to dominate world due to other countries were destroyed in the war  -highly industrialized  -earned a lot of profit with imports/exports |
| **Social Class/Gender** | Women- inferior to men  -Enlightenment ideas-push for freedoms/rights of women  -peasants, wealthy, nobility | Women’s reform- 1830s for family, divorce law  Women’s sphere  Moving toward suffrage  Class determined by races  Huge middle class groups | -patriarchal societies  -women have more job opportunity in the modern period  -suffrage- given 1965  -class determined by wealth |
| **Science/Inventions** | borrowed a lot from the Chinese, Arabs and Islamic world | 1800s- textile factory system brought from Europe  Technological innovation- spurred industrialization | -more advance navy, militarily equipments, creators and producers of luxury products |
| **Art/Architecture** | Borrowed ideas from various empires/countries such as Indian, Europeans, China etc… | influenced by European/ Asian architecture- Renaissance/Indian building styles | still borrowed ideas from Europe artists/architects |
| **Empire** | fragmented regions, no central authority to rule and combine all areas together yet | Monroe Doctrine 1823  -used British navy  Spanish American Empire  -controlled Philippine, Guar, Puerto Rico | Still a big empire   * distributed products to earn * influenced on other nations to invest in US * powerful |
| **Religion** | Christianity | Christianity dominated,  some still polytheists, animists, or secular | Christianity remained strong, some minority – remained their own traditional religions |